

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Ch. XI – Rome and Christianity

### Citizens of Rome v. Marcus Brutus

#### Trial Agenda

<b>Court is called into session</b>	
Bailiff	(to everyone) ALL RISE.... THIS COURT IS NOW IN SESSION. THE HONORABLE JUDGE FREEWALT PRESIDING. (to judge) YOUR HONOR, THIS IS THE CASE OF THE CITIZENS OF ROME VERSES MARCUS BRUTUS.
<b>Opening Statements</b>	
Prosecution	This is when the Prosecution introduces its side of the case to the jury by reading a short statement that summarizes their argument.
Defense	This is when the Defense introduces its side of the case to the jury by reading a short statement that summarizes their argument.
<b>Prosecution presents its case to the jury</b>	
Bailiff swears in each witness	(to each witness) PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME FOR THE COURT. PLEASE RAISE YOUR RIGHT HAND. DO YOU SOLEMNLY SWEAR THAT THE TESTIMONY YOU ARE ABOUT TO GIVE IS THE TRUTH, THE WHOLE TRUTH, AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH?
Physical Evidence	The Prosecution introduces evidence (letters, documents, other items) to support its case before, during, and/or after witness testimony.
Testimony	Prosecution calls Witness #1 for direct examination
	Defense cross-examines Witness #1
	Prosecution calls Witness #2 for direct examination
	Defense cross-examines Witness #2
	Prosecution calls Witness #3 for direct examination
	Defense cross-examines Witness #3
Prosecution “rests its case”	Once the Prosecution “rests its case”, it cannot present any additional evidence or witness testimony.

## **Defense presents its case to the jury**

Physical Evidence	The Prosecution introduces evidence (letters, documents, other items) to support its case before, during, and/or after witness testimony.
Testimony	Defense calls Witness #1 for direct examination
	Prosecution cross-examines Witness #1
	Defense calls Witness #2 for direct examination
	Prosecution cross-examines Witness #2
	Defense calls Witness #3 for direct examination
	Prosecution cross-examines Witness #3
Defense “rests its case”	Once the Defense “rests its case”, it cannot present any additional evidence or witness testimony.

## **Closing Statements**

Prosecution	This is when the Prosecution provides a concluding statement, meant to tie everything together to convince the jury to find the defendant “guilty”.
Defense	This is when the Defense provides a concluding statement, meant to tie everything together to convince the jury to find the defendant “not guilty”.

## **Jury Deliberation**

	<p>The jury weighs the evidence.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• In most jury trials, the jury must come to a unanimous decision.</li><li>• If the jury believes that the Prosecution has proven “beyond a reasonable doubt” that the defendant is guilty of the crime, the jury will find the defendant “guilty as charged”. The judge will sentence the defendant to a punishment.</li><li>• If the jury believes that the Defense has shown that there is doubt as to whether the defendant committed the crime, the jury will find the defendant “not guilty”. The case is dismissed and the defendant is released from custody.</li></ul>
--	--

## **Court is adjourned**

	The judge adjourns court and everyone goes home.
--	--