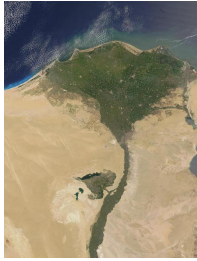


Name: _____ Period: _____ Date: _____

Ch. 4 – Ancient Egypt and Kush – Review Sheet

Geography and Ancient Egypt



Why would some say that the Nile brought life to Egypt? _____

Egypt included two regions _____, also called _____ and _____, also called _____ because of the Nile's northerly flow.

Because the Nile runs through some rocky and hilly lands, it caused _____ or _____ to form.

-the first cataract marks the _____

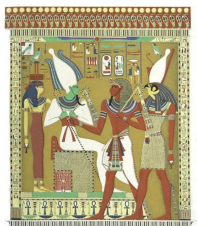
In Lower Egypt, the Nile divides into several branches that flow into the _____. These branches formed a _____, or a _____

Rising to power in Upper Egypt, who wanted to unify Upper and Lower Egypt? _____

Historians believe Menes to be the first _____, or _____

Menes also started Egypt's first _____, or _____

The Old Kingdom Period



The first and second dynasties ruled Egypt for about four centuries; when the third dynasty rose to power, the _____ began, which was _____

In their political system, Egyptians believed that the pharaoh was both _____ and _____

Who was Khufu? _____

Just below the pharaoh in Egyptian society were _____, or people from rich and powerful families.

Egyptians had a strong religious _____, worshipping many _____.

Much of Egyptian religion focused on the _____, or _____

Egyptians believed that the body had to be prepared for the _____ before it could be buried. So Egyptians would _____ the body.

Only Egypt's people of wealth and power, or _____, could afford to be mummified.

The Great Pyramid of Khufu took more than 2 million limestone blocks to build. Historians still aren't sure exactly how the Egyptians did it but they definitely used _____, application of knowledge for practical purposes.

The Middle and New Kingdom Periods



What were two problems that occurred during the end of the Old Kingdom?

- 1.
- 2.

Eventually a powerful pharaoh named Mentuhotep II united all of Egypt. This period of order and stability is known as _____

How did the Hyksos defeat Egypt (what weapons did the Hyksos have that Egypt didn't)?

What brought great wealth to Egypt during the New Kingdom?

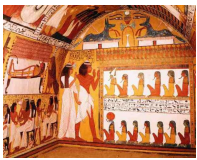
As the Egyptian empire expanded, so did paths followed by traders, known as _____.

What female ruler worked to increase Egyptian trade? _____

One of Egypt's greatest battles was when _____ was ruling. The battle was against _____

Shortly after the invasions of the Hittites and Sea Peoples, the New Kingdom _____ and Egypt fell into a period of _____

Egyptian Achievements



The Egyptian writing system is known as _____, which was developed by the year _____, making it one of the earliest languages.

Our modern word for "paper" comes from _____, which is a long-lasting, paper-like material made from reeds.

Sometime in the 300's AD, the Egyptian language became "extinct". In the year 1799, a French soldier named Jean François Champollion translated the _____, which had a story written in Egyptian _____ as well as the _____ language.

Imaginary creatures with bodies of lions and the heads of other animals or humans are _____

A _____ is a tall, four-sided pillar that is pointed on top. The Washington Monument is a good example of this.

In 1922, an archaeologist named Howard Carter discovered the only known tomb of a pharaoh not already looted. The tomb of _____ was filled with _____

Ancient Kush



A(n) _____ is a system of people in different lands who trade goods.

Traders, known as _____, carried goods to ports on the _____ and _____ seas.

Items sent out to other regions are _____ and goods brought in from other regions are _____.